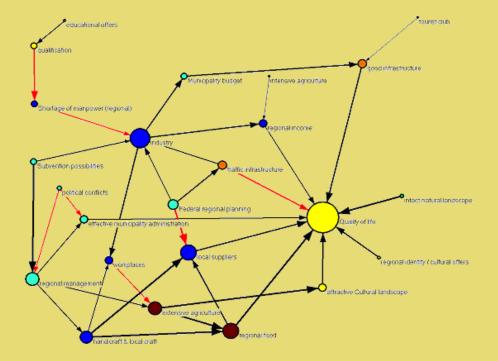
# Fuzzy Cognitive Mapping





110100

downloadable in the software section

## What is FCM?

A procedure to involve stakeholders in a research or management processes and enhance social learning

A method to extract and analyse different kinds of knowledge about complex systems and their functioning



downloadable in the software section

#### What is FCM?

#### **Participative Process**

- **social learning** and **understanding** of the system between the participants is fostered.
- structures a process in which the perception of stakeholders on a certain system (or problem) is uncovered

#### Mapping

- FCM can be used to **depict complex systems** as perceived by different stakeholders.
- various elements from the social & cultural sphere, as well as institutions, physical structures ecosystems or individual species can be included



#### What is FCM?

#### Analysis

- The goal of FCM analysis is **detecting** and **interpreting** relations between entities found in a map and understanding its **structural properties** and **dynamics**.
- The structured way of collecting and coding data enables a comparison between different case studies and even aggregation of data..

#### **Modelling & Scenarios**

 FCM has the capability to incorporate feedback processes. It can be used to simulate the changes of a system over time and address "what - if" questions.



Based on Idea from Bart Kosko (1986) to extend cognitive and mind mapping approaches based on the work of Axelrod (1976).

A Fuzzy Cognitive Map is a **directed graph**, and as such can be coded in a adjacency matrix.



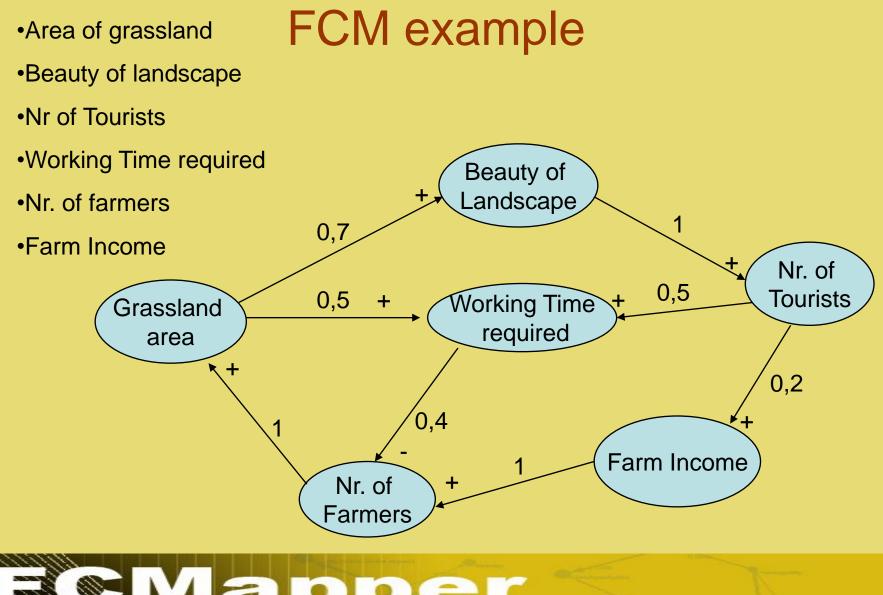
A fuzzy cognitive map consists of:

# **Concepts** (Vertices / nodes / factors / elements).

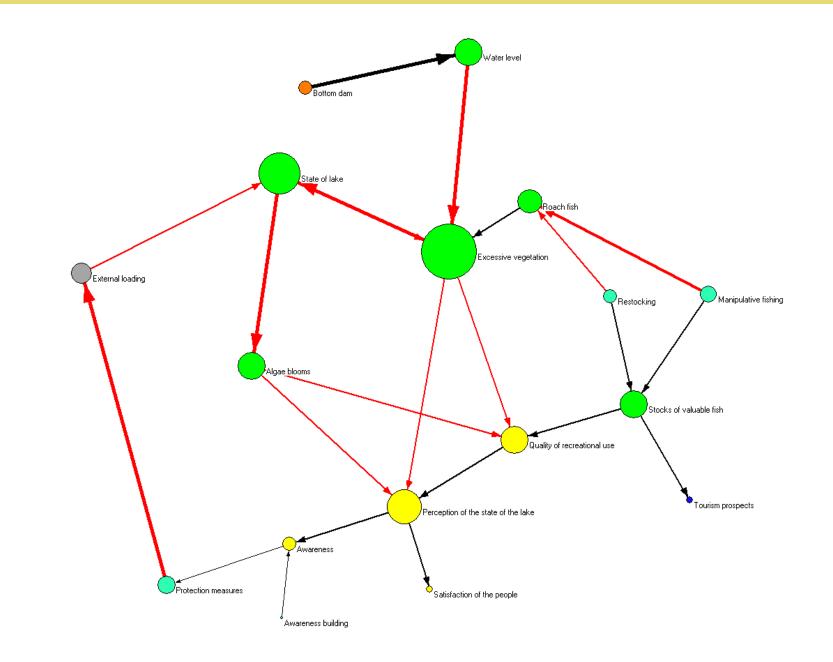
- Arrows that represent either positive (+) or negative (-) causual relations between two concepts.
- Weights that characterise the strength of the relations through fuzzy values.

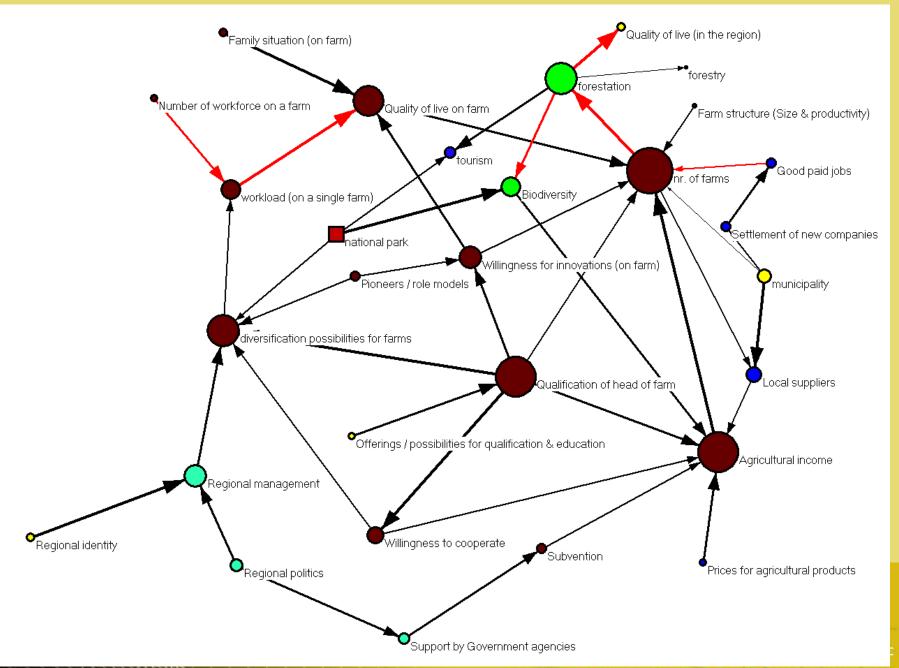


#### List of concepts:



MS Excel based fuzzy cognitive mapping analysis tool





### **The Mapping Process**

- 1. Central Question or Statment
- 2. List of concepts considered important for question

<u>Good concepts = decrease or increase can be described</u>

If the meaning is unclear (e.g. Biodiversity) specify shortly

#### 3. Start drawing

- Put those concepts which you think are highly connected rather into the middle
- Connect the concepts immediatly and assign + / to the arrows
- When you think your map is complete (or the time is almost over) start assigning weights to the arrows
- Putting weights can sometimes be rather difficult remember: they represent descriptive values (e.g. 0.1 = a very low influence 0.8 = a rather strong influence) – so just follow your feeling.



## What to do...

We would like you to draw a fuzzy cognitive map!

The central question:

What factors will lead to a change in the natural environment and how will that effect human well-being?



### What to do....

- 1. Take a sheet of paper
- 2. Put your name & your discipline in the left upper corner.
- 3. Think about the Central Question: <u>What factors will lead to a change in the natural environment</u> <u>and how will that effect human well-being?</u>
- 4. Make a **List of Concepts** you think are important in the context of the question
- 5. Describe the Concepts (shortly!) if necessary
- 6. Start drawing the Map
- 7. Less then 5 min. to go start giving the weights

If you have questions do not hesitate to ask me!



Next Steps...

- 1. Coding the maps into a adjacency matrix
- 2. Analysis with FCMapper (www.fcmappers.net)
- 3. Visualisation with Pajek
- 4. Second Mapping towards the end of the course (14.09 Monday evening)
- 5. Presentation & discussion of results (17.09 Thursday – after lunch)

